



PREFEITURA MUNICIPAL DE PILAR

Prova para Professor de Inglês

01. Nick had come out of a slum as I had, but he made his way up by his own brains and will.
According to text, Nick:
a () Had no parents.
b () Was a self- made man.
c () Came from the same town as the author.
d () was as intelligent as the author.
02. Most Births are problem- free. In some cases, however, the new born child needs help before the mother can take over. This child's resistance is so weak that even doctors and nurses go near him as little as possible.
According to the text:
a () Weak babies need a nurse constantly by their side.
b () A new-born child should have many people around him, of his resistance.
c () Mothers should rest a little before starting to take care of their new- born child.
d () A new-born child should not have many people around him, if his resistance is weak.
03. Until fairly recently there used to be a strange sort of language written by business firms- and it still survives in some of the less modern ones- called "Commercial English".
The written language called "Commercial English":
a () Has been changing lately.
b () Is used by old as well as by new firms in their letters.
c () Is no longer used anywhere.
d () Is not very highly regarded by the author.
04. No, There are far better places than a train for a talk, but few places is a train's equal for reading. Not magazines or newspapers alone. The classics you have always meant to read, the new books you have failed to get around to, the fat books which usually are put aside for summer, the volume you could not resist while you were browsing in the station bookstore, the old books you are anxious to reread to see how you and they have changed – these– are the perfect companion on a journey.
The title that best expresses the ideas of this passage is:
a () Successful reading.
b () Reading vs. Conversation.
c () Reading on the train.
d () Advantages of the Trip by Train.
05. The human ear is indeed a remarkable organ. It is so complicated that its operation in none too fully understood. Certainly it is extremely sensitive. The normal ear can respond to frequencies ranging from 20 to 20,000 vibrations per second. In this range it is estimate that the ear can distinguish more that half a million separate pure tones; that is 500, 00 differences frequency, loudness or both.
Which of the following statement about hearing is true?
a () All human beings can hear sounds if the vibration are within a range of between 20 and 20,000 vibration per second.
b () The average human being cannot hear sounds below or above 20,000 vibrations per second.
c () The average human being can hear sounds below 20 or above 20,000 vibrations per second.
d () All vibration occurs at frequencies of between 20 and 20,000 vibration per second.
06. When Tennessee Williams' A STREET CAR NAMED DESIRED arrives in Russia it will have a happy ending. Just how happy, no one seems to know, least of all Author Williams. The Russians, it seems, are rewriting the play more to their heart's desire. Williams doesn't mind the rewrite, but he regrets something else: no royalties. Russia has never signed an international copy-right agreement. The resigned Tennessee says: "I understand they hold the royalties and give them to you when you go there. Then you live in high style."
According to the text:
a () If the Russians paid Williams his royalties he wouldn't be concerned about the rewriting of his plays.
b () The Russians are rewriting the play according to its main lines.
c () Williams has resigned and decided not to write any more.
d () The Russians have decided only to send part of the money to Williams.
07. All this laboratory work sounds dull, and the results that it has produced seem almost negligible. But its importance is that it has put such things as telepathy and clairvoyance upon a scientific basis. Once this is done, one can pass on with greater freedom to more spectacular cases, and while we shall do our best to obtain cast- iron evidence for each case, we should now be prepared to approach the subject with a more open mind.
Laboratory work in the field of telepathy and clairvoyance is important because:
a () In the past it has been neglected.
b () A scientific foundation can be established.
c () One cannot have good evidence without an open mind.
d () The subjects themselves are very dull.
08. The old lady pulled her spectacles down and looked over them about the room; them, she put hem up and looked out under them. She seldom or never looked trough them for so small thing as a boy; they were her



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- going-out pair, the pride of their heart, and were built for “style”, not service – she could have seem trough a pair of saucers just as well.
Why did the old lady wear glasses? Because...
a () She was near-sighted.
b () Small boys were the only thing she could see without them.
c () They gave her an air of style.
d () They were a substitute to a pair of saucers.
09. In natural communities animals and plants live together and their metabolic processes may have a complementary or counteracting effect on the environment.
According to the text:
a () Plants and animals should live together because their metabolism complements each other.
b () The environment of a natural community is affected by the animals and plants which live there.
c () The effect of the environment on plants and animals is a natural process.
d () Natural communities are the best environment for animals and plants to live together.
10. Complete the sentences and choose the right answer.
The experiences _____ combustion
common _____ all.
The heat and light emitted _____ the reaction.
Part _____ the heat _____ a fire raises the
temperature _____ the air _____ the room.
It travels _____ empty space _____ 300
million meters _____ second.
Fell the warmth _____ electromagnetic radiation
_____ the air.
a () Of, To, By, Of, From, Of, In, Through, At, Per, Of, In.
b () In, Of, In, Of, On, In, Of, Through, At, Per, Of, In.
c () Of, To, In, From, In, In, On, Through, By, Per, Of, In.
d () Of, To, By, In, From, Of, In, Through, At, Per, Of, In.
11. Complete with the wright verbs tense and choose the right alternative.
Ships _____ (To Travel) from London to New York
in four days.
On my way to work I generally _____ (To Meet)
many children who _____ (To Go) to school
every morning.
The sun _____ (To Warm) the air and _____ (to
Give) us light.
What _____ you _____ (to read) when
you _____ (To Be) on holidays?
Wood _____ (To Float) on water, but iron
_____ (Not to Float)
The sun _____ (To Rise) in the east.
a () Travels, Met, Go, Warm, Give, Do, Read, Are,
Floats, Don't, Rises.
b () Travels, Meet, Goes, warm, Give, Do, Read, are,
Floats, Don't, Rise.
- c () Travel, Meet, Goes, Warm, Gives, Do, Read, Are,
Are, Floats, Doesn't, Rises
d () Travel, Meet, Go, Warm, Gives, Do, Read, Are,
Floats, Doesn't, Rises.
12. Complete with the right pronouns and chose the right alternative.
We are much stronger than _____ at football.(they, them)
Just between you and _____. It's secret.(I, me)
Let _____ go for a walk except _____. (we, us) – (she, her)
Do you think that _____ is happier than _____ are?
(he, him) – (we, us)
a () Them, Me, Us, Her, He, We.
b () They, Me, We, Her, Him, We.
c () Them, me, Us, Her, He, Us.
d () Them, I, Us, Her, He, We.
13. Analyze and choose the right alternative using correct or incorrect.
Do you answer personal questions? Why Not?
Does he understands the use of the two present tenses quite well? Did He make notes about them yesterday?
Are you sleeping now? Have you ever slept in class?
Cuckoos doesn't not built nests. They use the nests of other birds.
a () Correct, Correct, Correct, Incorrect.
b () Correct, Incorrect, Correct, Incorrect.
c () Correct, Incorrect, Correct, Correct.
d () Correct, Incorrect, Incorrect, Correct.
14. Complete with the right pronoun related with the subject and choose the right alternative.
We prefer _____ team, and they naturally prefer _____
I left _____ book at home. May I borrow _____ for a moment?
Tell Peter not to forget _____ own material, and don't forget to bring _____, either.
They have two of _____ houses on this street. That house on the corner is also _____.
a () Our, Theirs, My, Yours, His, Yours, Their, Theirs.
b () Our, Their, My, Yours, His, Your, Their, Theirs.
c () Our, Their, My, Your, His, Yours, Theirs, Theirs.
d () Our, Theirs, My, Your, His, Yours, Their, Theirs.
15. A strange apathy began to settle on me. All those resources of my first year's imprisonment had gone, and I was alone; my house was dead; there was no history of my life to write, no incident to break the pitiful monotony.
How did the writer fell?
a () Hopeful.
b () Indifferent.



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- c () Sorrowful.
d () Creative.
16. For thousand years man has dreamed of the day when he would explore the vast universe that surrounds his tiny planet. (From National aeronautics and space Administration)
In the sentence, surrounds means
a () Free.
b () Let go.
c () Circle.
d () Release
17. Choose the right verb tense that correctly completes the text
My first trip to Hawaii _____ in 1998, today _____ my first sea trip. All my fellows _____ going with me, last year we _____ working a lot, that's why we didn't travel.
a () Was, Is, Are, Are.
b () Were, Is, Are, Are.
c () Was, Is, Are, Were.
d () Were, Are, Is, Where.
- Instructions to questions numbers 18 and 19.**
Choose the right verb, using simple past.
18. I _____ (to say) to the old man in front of me, a friend of mine _____ (to put) us in contact and _____ (to leave) the room. The old man _____ (to tell) me that his name _____ (to be) Juan Matus.
a () Said, Put, Left, Told, Was.
b () Said, Putted, Leaves, Was.
c () Said, Put, Left, Is.
d () Says, Putted, left, Was.
19. _____ your friend _____ (to tell) you that? He _____ (to ask) casually. Yes, he _____ (to do). The old man _____ (to shake) his head slowly. He _____ (to lift) his head and _____ (to look) me in the eyes.
a () Do, Told, Asked, Did, Shaked, Lifted, looked.
b () Did, Tell, Asked, Did, Shook, Lifted, looked.
c () Does, Tell, Asked, Did, Shook, Lifted, looked.
d () Did, Told, Asked, Did, Shaked, lifted, looked.
20. The next sentences numbered from 1 to 4 are scrambled. Choose the one item which indicates their logical sequence in a paragraph:
1 - A change in blood pressure, or damage by disease, may cause the kidneys to stop working.
2 - Much of the work of the kidneys can, however, be done by kidney machines.
3 - The blood, circulating through the body, brings oxygen and food to the body's tissues, and it also removes waste products. When the blood passes through the kidneys, witch act as filters, the waste products and water are removed to leave the body as urine.
4 - The kidneys may recover in some cases and start working again normally, but some diseases leave permanent damage.
a () 1-2-3-4
b () 3-1-4-2
c () 2-1-3-4
d () 4-1-2-3
21. Witch of the following words does not have the sound shown on the picture

a () Bead
b () Peak
c () Bean
d () Pick
22. What word is represented by the phonetic symbol /laif/
a () Leaf
b () Lift
c () Life
d () Live
23. Choose the double vowel symbol in the word DAY
a () er
b () aI
c () Iə
d () eə
24. Over the four years of elementary school, it is expected with the teaching of the foreign language that learners are able to:
Chose the *wrong* alternative
a () Use other communication skills in order to act in different situations.
b () Read and value the reading as a source of information and pleasure using it as a gateway to the world of work and advanced studies;
c () Build language and critical awareness of the uses that make the foreign language that you are learning;
d () The Foreign language in elementary school has a valuable role as a constructive part of formal Education.
25. Which alternative is not related with the *systematic knowledge*
a () Identification of links that indicate a semantic relation



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- b () Identify the degree of formality in writing and speech
- c () Production and comprehension of oral texts
- d () Interest in assessing oral and written productions in other languages.

LDB

26. A educação, dever da família, inspirada nos princípios de liberdade e nos ideais de solidariedade humana, tem por finalidade o pleno desenvolvimento do educando. Em relação a essa informação e segundo a LDB é dever do estado com a educação escolar pública garantir:

- I - ensino fundamental, obrigatório e gratuito, exceto para os que a ele não tiveram acesso na idade própria.
- II - acesso aos níveis mais elevados do ensino, da pesquisa e da criação artística, segundo a capacidade de cada um.
- III - recensear a população em idade escolar para o ensino fundamental, e os jovens e adultos que a ele não tiveram acesso.
- IV - padrões mínimos de qualidade de ensino, definidos como a variedade e quantidade mínimas, por aluno, de insumos indispensáveis ao desenvolvimento do processo de ensino aprendizagem.

Qual (ais) alternativa(as) está (ão) correta(s).

- a () Apenas as I, II e III afirmativas.
- b () Apenas as II, III e IV afirmativas.
- c () Apenas as I, II e IV afirmativas.
- d () Apenas as I, II e IV afirmativas.

27. A Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação no seu artigo 12, concede à escola avanços em relação a sua autonomia, podendo assim construir um espaço de liberdade para elaborar o seu próprio plano de trabalho. Assinale afirmativa que melhor corresponde ao artigo.
- a () Organizar, manter e desenvolver órgãos e instituições oficiais dos sistemas de ensino.
 - b () Baixar normas para o seu sistema de ensino.
 - c () Elaborar e executar sua proposta pedagógica e administrar seu pessoal e recursos materiais e financeiros.
 - d () Baixar normas para o seu sistema de ensino.

28. Gabriel Chalita, autor do livro “Educação – a solução está no afeto, diz que o professor é o grande agente do processo educativo e que é a alma de qualquer instituição de ensino”. O artigo 13 da Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação nº 9394, de 20 de dezembro de 1996, apresenta as incumbências para o professor, que não pode ser apenas um mero transmissor de informações. De acordo com a LDB, os docentes terão incumbência de:

- I - Participar, quando convocado, da elaboração da proposta do estabelecimento de ensino.
- II - Zelar pela aprendizagem dos alunos.
- III - Elaborar e cumprir plano de trabalho, segundo conhecimentos adquiridos em sua formação acadêmica.
- IV - Colaborar com as atividades de articulação da escola com as famílias e a comunidade.

Está (ão) correta (s) a (s) afirmativa (s):

- a () I, II e III
- b () I, III e IV
- c () I e II
- d () II e IV

29. LDB nº 9493 de dezembro de 2006, no artigo 18 estabelece que os sistemas municipais de ensino compreendem:

- a () As instituições de ensino fundamental, médio e as instituições de ensino superior.
- b () As instituições de educação infantil e do ensino fundamental.
- c () As instituições do ensino fundamental, médio, de educação infantil mantida pelo Poder Público municipal e as mantidas pela iniciativa privada e os órgãos municipais.
- d () Nenhuma das afirmativas está correta.

30. A duração do Ensino Fundamental, que era de 8 anos, a partir de 2006 passou a ser de 9 anos. A LDB 9394, foi alterada nos seus artigos 29, 30, 32 e 87, ampliando o Ensino Fundamental para 9 anos. A respeito disso, julgue os itens abaixo como verdadeiro ou falso.

- 1 – () o prazo máximo para implementação da Lei pelos sistemas de ensino é o ano de 2010.
- 2 – () os anos iniciais compreendem do 1º ao 5º Anos.
- 3 – () a criança deve ingressar no primeiro ano a partir dos 7 anos.
- 4 – () os anos finais do ensino fundamental compreendem do 6º ao 9º Anos.

A sequência correta é:

- a () VVFF
- b () VVVV
- c () VVFFV
- d () FVFFV

Português

Texto para as questões de 31 a 34.

Faltando um pedaço (Djavan)

O amor é um grande laço, um passo pr'uma armadilha

Um lobo correndo em círculos pra alimentar a matilha.

Comparo sua chegada com a fuga de uma ilha:
Tanto engorda quanto mata feito desgosto de



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filha.

O amor é como um raio galopando em desafio
Abre fendas cobre vales, revolta as águas dos rios.

Quem tentar seguir seu rastro se perderá no caminho
Na pureza de um limão ou na solidão do espinho.

O amor e a agonia cerraram fogo no espaço
Brigando horas a fio, o cio vence o cansaço.

E o coração de quem ama fica faltando um pedaço
Que nem a lua minguando, que nem o meu nos seus braços.

31. No primeiro verso da letra da música, há a seguinte figura da linguagem:
- a () Comparação.
 - b () Ironia.
 - c () Metáfora.
 - d () Metonímia.
32. Do ponto de vista sintático, analise as informações dadas acerca da primeira estrofe e marque a alternativa correta.
- Texto para as questões de 35 a 39.

- a () A primeira principal: “O amor é um grande laço, um passo pr'uma armadilha”.
- b () Or. subordin. adv. final red. de particípio: “pra alimentar a matilha”.
- c () Or. subordin. adv. reduzida de gerúndio: “correndo em círculos”
- d () Or. subordin. adj. red. de gerúndio “correndo em círculos”.

33. Quanto à função da linguagem, predomina, no texto:

- a () função referencial.
- b () função poética.
- c () função metalinguística.
- d () função conativa.

34. Em “Quem tentar seguir **seu** rastro se perderá no caminho”, o termo em negrito

- a () Refere ao termo “amor” e funciona como determinante desta palavra (amor)
- b () Refere ao termo “amor” e funciona como elemento de coesão.
- c () Refere ao termo “amor” e funciona como marcador discursivo.
- d () Refere ao termo “desafio” e funciona como mecanismo de coesão.

A RÁDIO QUE VAI AO SHOPPING.



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35. Quanto ao gênero textual, tem-se acima:
- a () Um anúncio publicitário.
 - b () Um aviso.
 - c () Uma charge.
 - d () Uma notícia.



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36. No título do texto aparece uma oração encabeçada pelo termo “que”, a qual pode ser assim classificada:
- a () Oração subordinada adjetiva explicativa.
 - b () Oração subordinada adjetiva restritiva.
 - c () Oração subordinada adverbial final.
 - d () Oração subordinada substantiva apositiva.
37. Analisando o texto como um todo, é correto afirmar que:
- a () Inexiste nele intenção persuasiva.
 - b () Há uma preocupação exacerbada com o leitor.
 - c () Inexiste argumentação no texto, pois sua única função é informar.
 - d () A preocupação maior é com o produto: Nova Eldorado AM.
38. No primeiro período do texto, as formas verbais “estiver”, “encontrar” e “divida” estão, respectivamente,
- a () No imperativo, infinitivo e subjuntivo.
 - b () No infinitivo, subjuntivo e imperativo.
 - c () No subjuntivo, infinitivo e indicativo.
 - d () No subjuntivo, subjuntivo e imperativo.
39. A expressão “além de uma grande (...)”, no texto, denota:
- a () Acréscimo de informação.
 - b () Ênfase de informação.
 - c () Negação de informação.
 - d () Oposição de informações.
40. Analise os excertos abaixo e marque aquele que contempla de modo satisfatório a unidade, a coerência, a clareza e a correção textuais.
- a () Se sabe que os estágios no Brasil nem sempre atendem as necessidades dos jovens, portanto, ainda assim, são necessários para mantê-los na escola.
 - b () As empresas, não obstante, à excessão das grandes companhias, sempre exploram os jovens estagiários com serviços desconexos à sua formação, desvalorizando, assim, o potencial do aprendiz.
 - c () Mal os estagiários terminam um estágio na GLOD's CIA LTDA, todas as demais empresas querem contratá-los, mesmo sem saber se eles são incipientes ou insipientes.
 - d () Um país aonde os jovens são explorados por empresas não pode crescer, tão pouco prosperar, haja visto a falta de preparação desses jovens para assumirem o futuro desse país.